

Please write clearly in	block capitals.
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	

INTERNATIONAL GCSE PHYSICS

Paper 1

Thursday 8 November 2018 07:00 GMT Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

Instructions

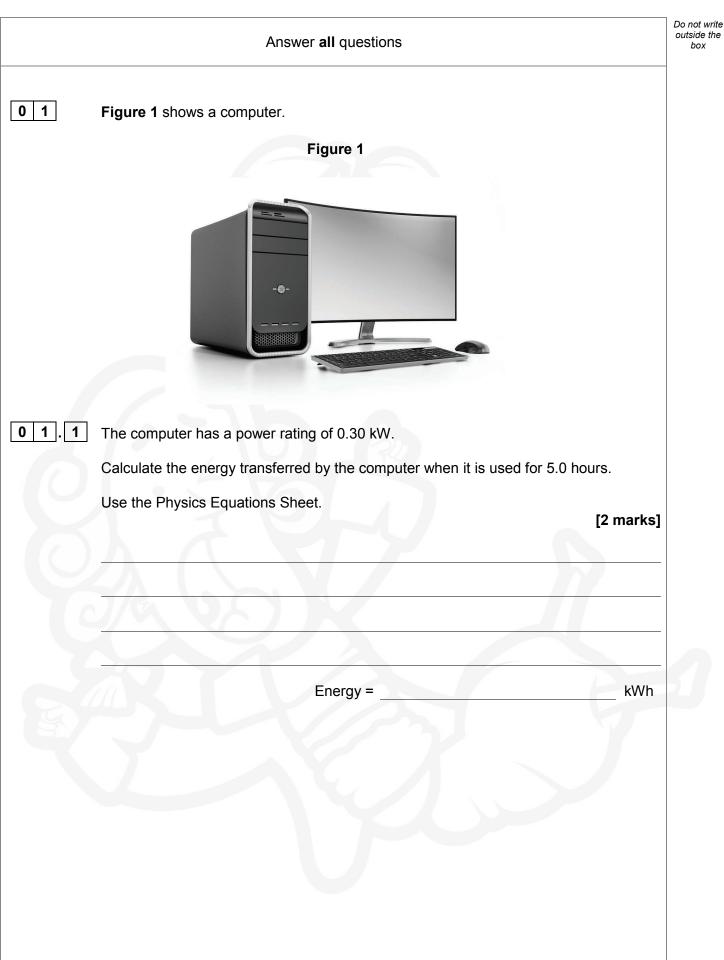
- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you worked out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.

	For Exam	iner's Use
	Question	Mark
	1	
i	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
	TOTAL	

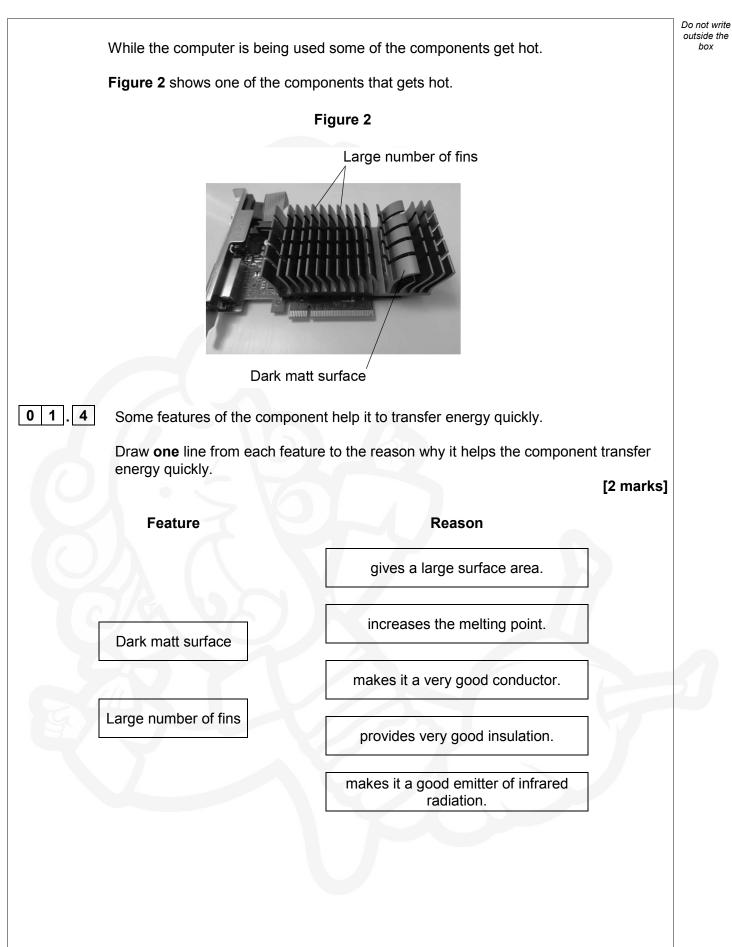






0 1.2	Suggest one reason why the computer may transfer less energy than you calculated in Question 01.1 .	Do not write outside the box
	Tick one box. [1 mark]	
	The computer may not always work at full power.	
	The computer wastes some energy.	
	The computer creates extra energy.	
0 1.3	During 1 week the computer transfers 12 kWh of energy.	
	cost per kWh = \$0.15	
	Calculate the cost of using the computer for 1 week. [2 marks]	
	30	
	Cost = \$	
	Question 1 continues on the next page	





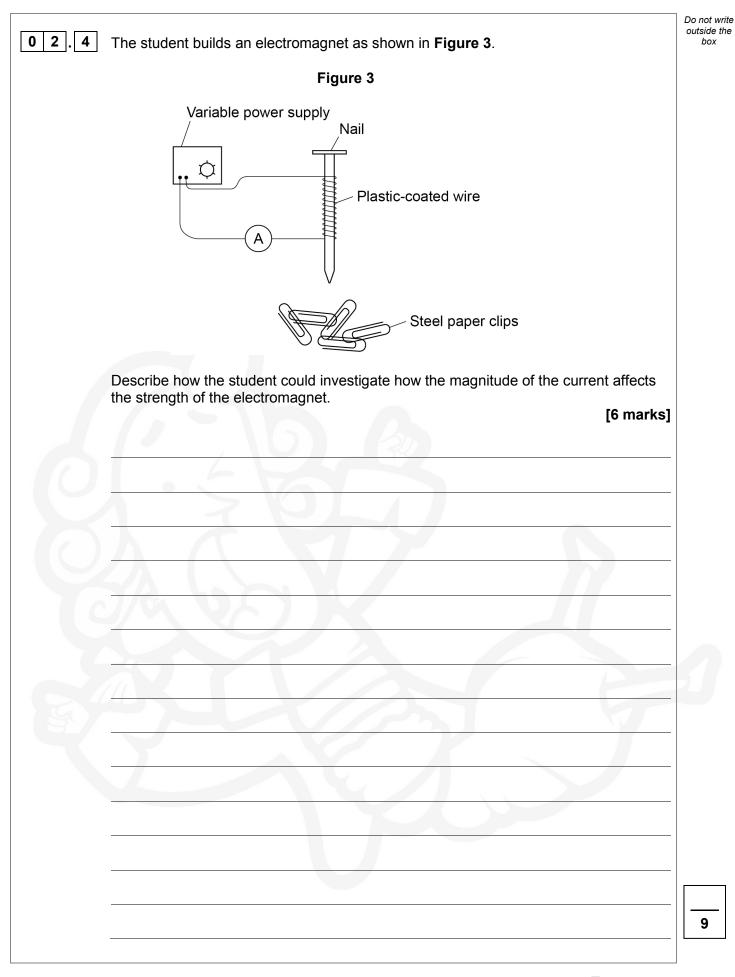


0 1.5	The fins are made of metal.	Do not write outside the box
	Why are metals good thermal conductors? [1 mark]	
	[· many]	
0 1.6	Most of the radiation emitted by the component is infrared radiation.	
	Give two changes to the infrared radiation emitted by the computer component as the	
	temperature of the component increases. [2 marks]	
	1	
	2	
0 1.7	The component emits a range of electromagnetic radiation.	
	What name is given to the electromagnetic radiation emitted at a particular temperature by the component?	
	Tick one box. [1 mark]	
	Black-body radiation	
	Cosmic radiation	
	Ionising radiation	
S	Nuclear radiation	11
	Turn over for the next question	
	rum over for the next question	

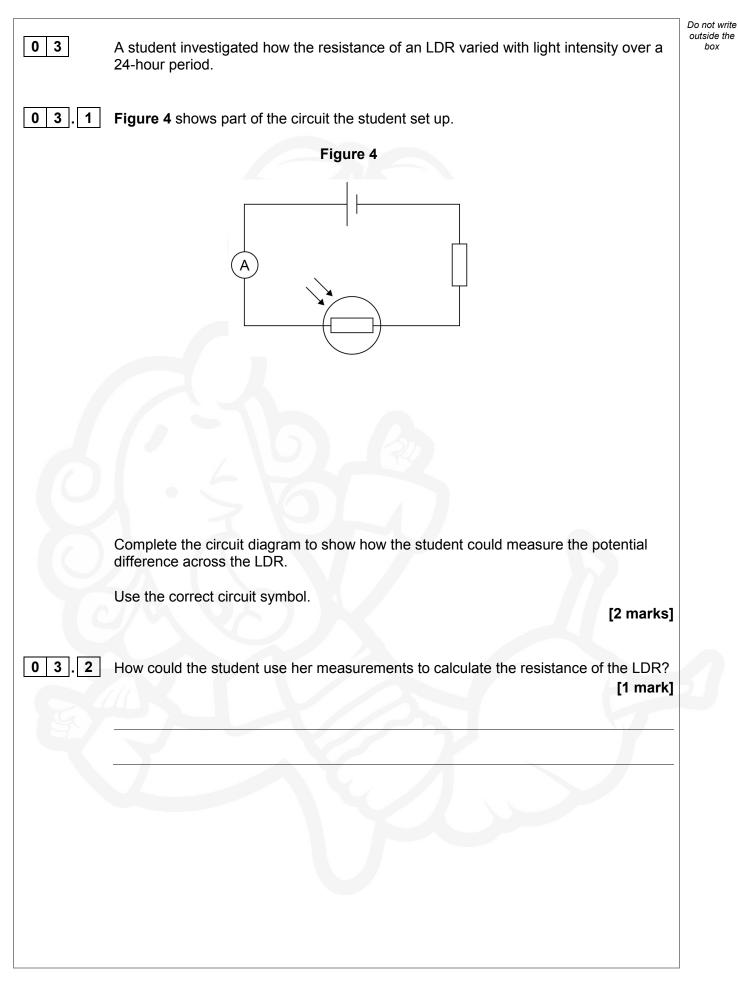


02	A student is investigating magnetism.	Do not write outside the box
02.1	Name one magnetic material. [1 mark]	
02.2	The student places two magnets close to each other. Which diagram shows the correct magnetic field pattern in the region between the two magnets?	
	Tick one box. [1 mark]	
02.3	c D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	
	The two magnets are brought closer together. What happens to the size of the force on each magnet as they are moved closer together? Tick one box. [1 mark] The force decreases. The force increases. The force stays the same.	3

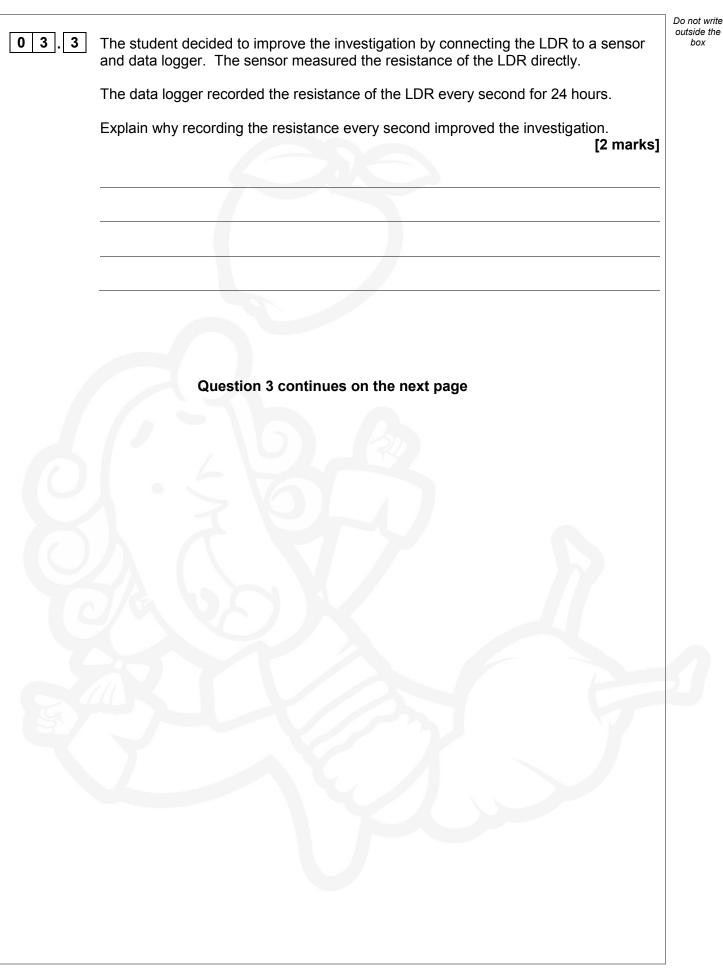




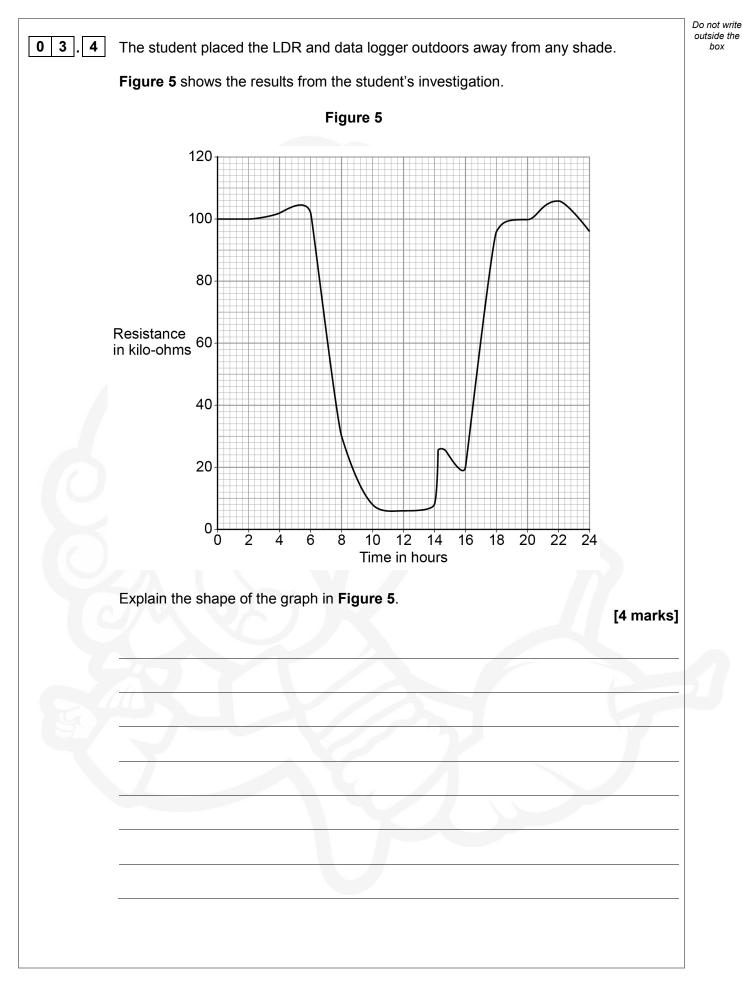




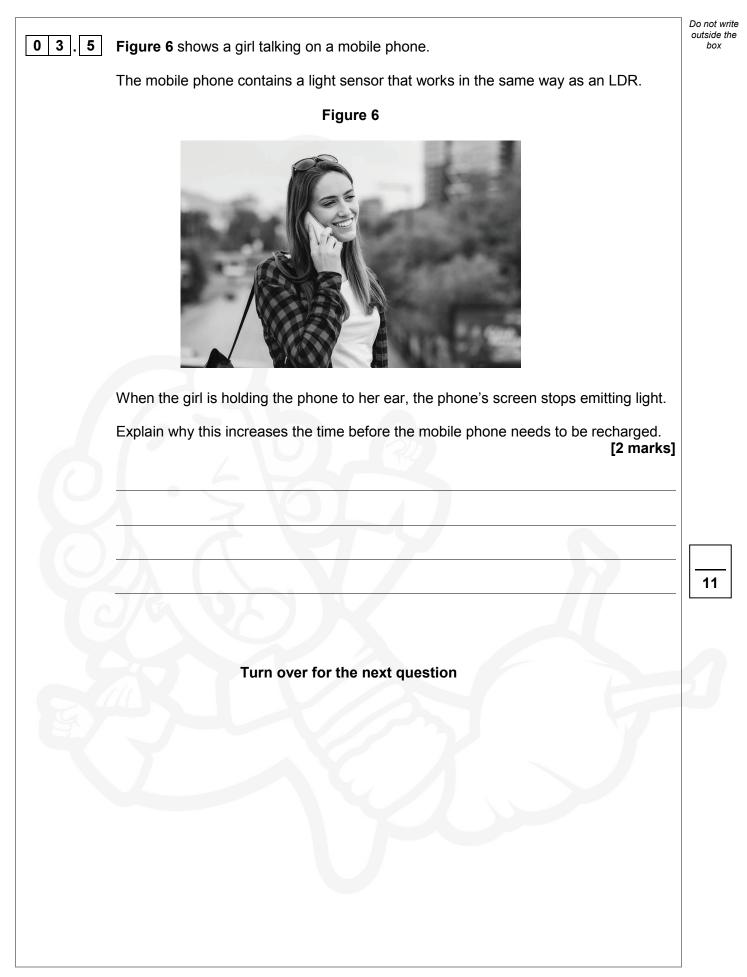














	The process of p	alaar fusion roloogoo onorgy		
0 4	The process of hi	uclear fusion releases energy.		
0 4 . 1	Describe the proc	cess of nuclear fusion.		[2 marks]
0 4 . 2	Why is energy rel	leased in a fusion reaction?		[1 mark]
04.3	Where does nucle	ear fusion occur naturally?		[1 mark]
04.3	Where does nucle	ear fusion occur naturally?		[1 mark]
			rogen as fuel.	[1 mark]
	Nuclear fusion re	actors use two isotopes of hydr	rogen as fuel.	[1 mark]
		actors use two isotopes of hydi	rogen as fuel.	[1 mark] [2 marks]
C	Nuclear fusion re	actors use two isotopes of hydr	rogen as fuel.	
C	Nuclear fusion re	actors use two isotopes of hydi	rogen as fuel. Number of neutrons	
	Nuclear fusion re Complete Table	actors use two isotopes of hydr 1. Table 1		
	Nuclear fusion re Complete Table	actors use two isotopes of hydr 1. Table 1	Number of neutrons	

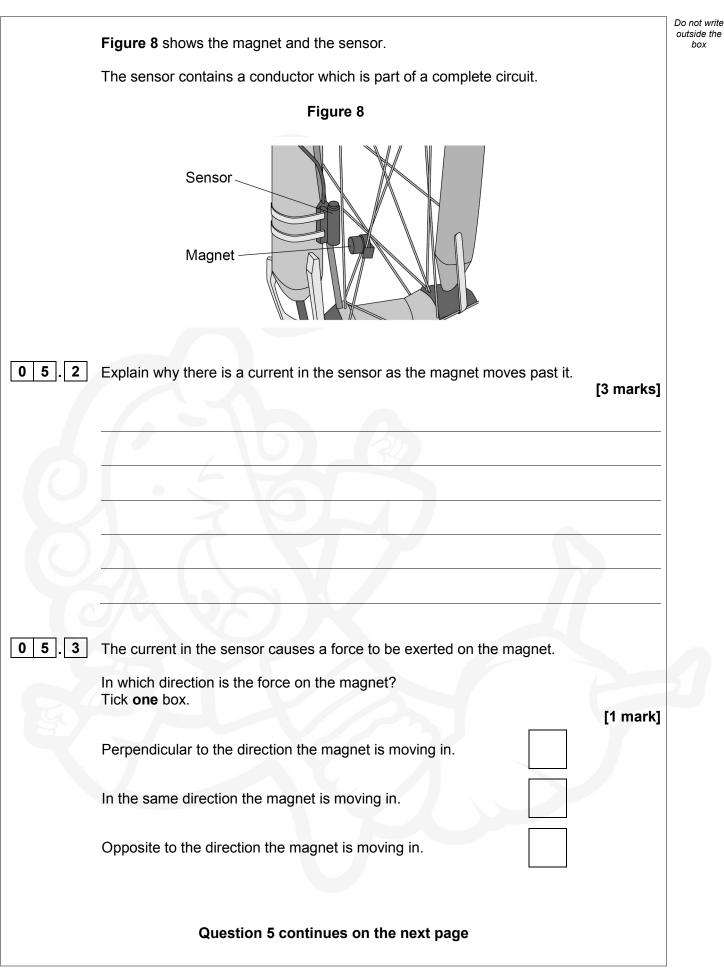


04.5	Explain why fusion reactions can only happen if the temperature is very high. [2 marks]	Do not v outside box
	Some countries are building experimental nuclear fusion reactors.	
04.6	Give two reasons why these countries may work together. [2 marks]	
	1	
04.7	Working nuclear fusion reactors could provide an almost limitless supply of energy. All commercial nuclear power stations currently use a different process called nuclear fission. This process produces waste.	
	Explain why the waste produced is a problem. [3 marks]	
		13

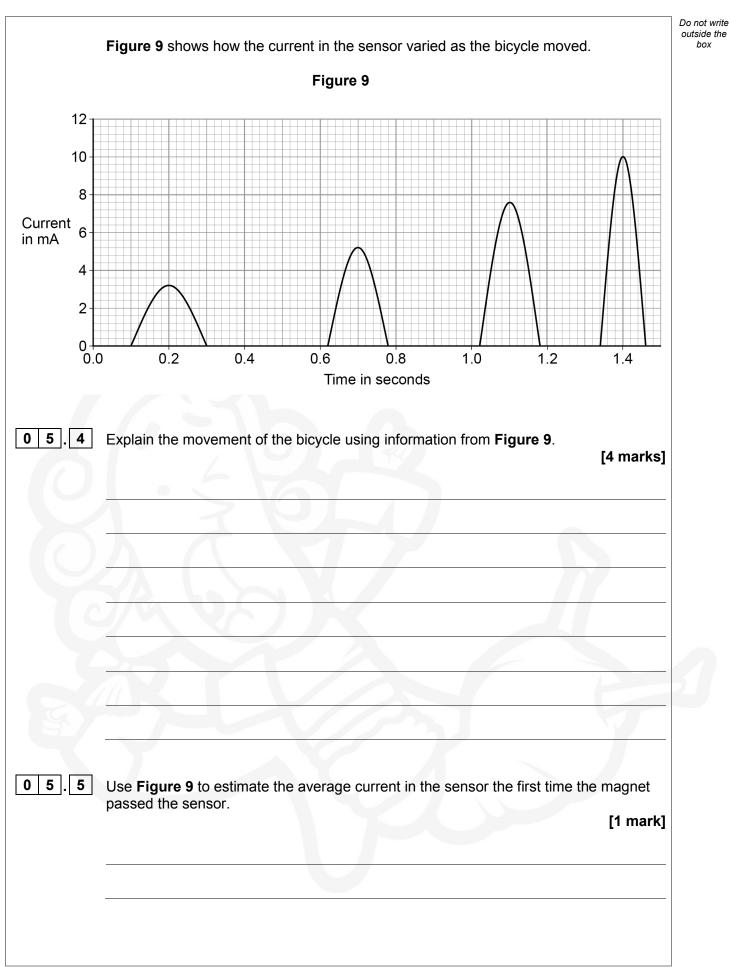


Do not write outside the 0 5 Figure 7 shows a bicycle with a computer attached. box Figure 7 Cyclist Computer Sensor Wheel Magnet As the wheel turns the magnet passes the sensor. The computer records the number of times the magnet passes the sensor. 0 5 1 As the bicycle travels a distance of 11 m the front wheel makes 5.0 revolutions. Calculate the circumference of the front wheel of the bicycle. [2 marks] Circumference = m







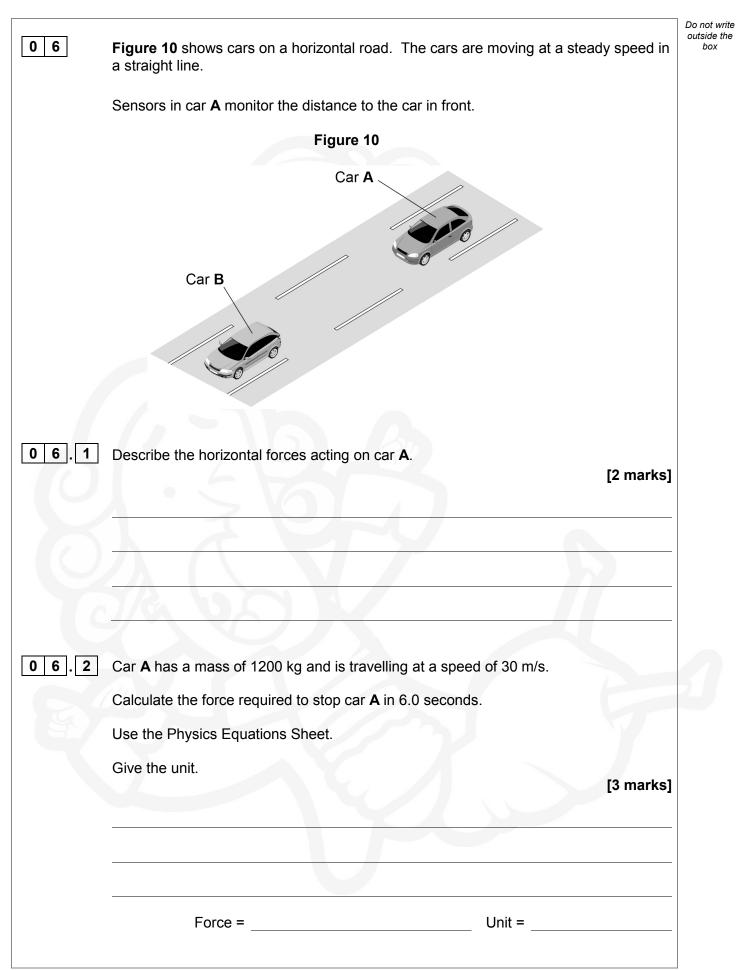




0 5 6	The second time the magnet passed the senser the overage surrent was 2.4 mA	Do not write outside the box
0 5 6	The second time the magnet passed the sensor the average current was 3.4 mA.	box
	Determine the charge flow in the sensor the second time the magnet passed the sensor.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet.	
	[4 marks]	
	Charge flow = C	
	Charge flow = C	
0 5.7	The combined mass of the bicycle and a cyclist is 75 kg.	
	During a cycle ride the maximum kinetic energy of the bicycle was 15 000 J.	
	Calculate the maximum velocity of the bicycle.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet.	
	[3 marks]	
		18
	Maximum velocity = m/s	



17





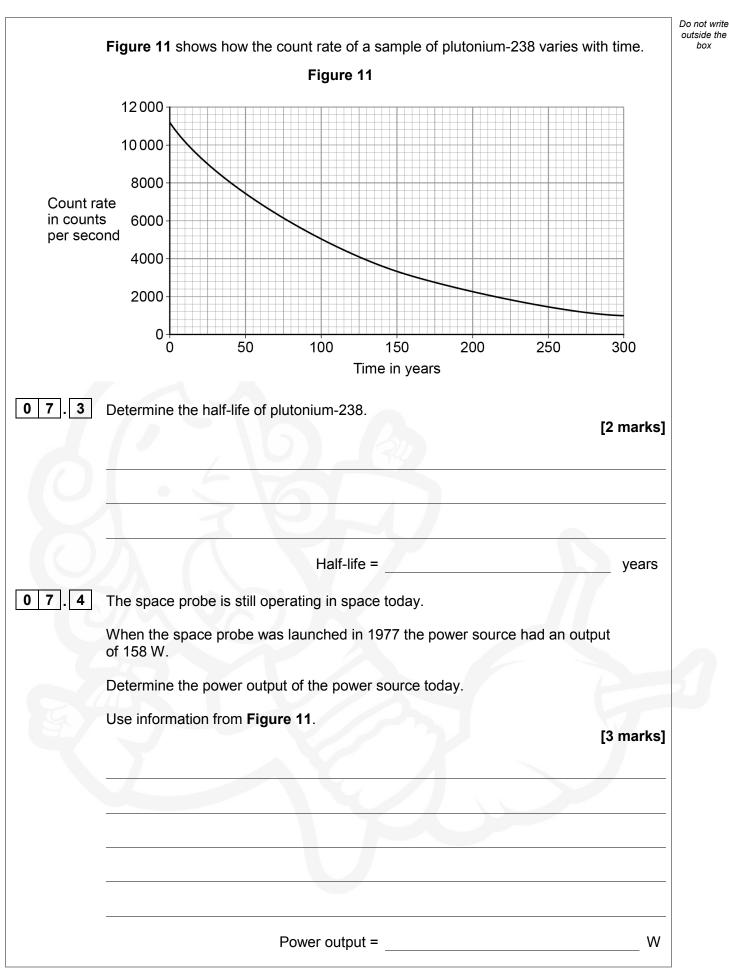
06.3	Car B stops suddenly. Car A has an automatic braking system, which applies the brakes immediately, bringing car A to a stop.	Do not writ outside the box
	Explain the effect the automatic braking system has on the stopping distance. [4 marks]	
06.4	The weather conditions affect the stopping distance of a car with automatic braking.	
	Give two other factors that affect the stopping distance. [2 marks]	
	2	
06.5	The sensors in car A emit and detect radio waves.	
	The radio waves have a frequency of 7.7 \times 10 ¹⁰ Hz.	
	The speed of radio waves is 3.0×10^8 m/s.	
	Calculate the wavelength of the radio waves. [2 marks]	
	Wavelength = m	13



19

		Do not write
0 7	The Voyager 2 space probe was launched in 1977.	outside the box
	It is powered by the energy released when the radioactive isotope plutonium-238 decays.	
07.1	Plutonium-238 (Pu) decays into uranium-234 (U) by emitting an alpha particle.	
	Complete the nuclear equation for the decay of plutonium-238. [2 marks]	
	$^{238}_{94}Pu \longrightarrow ^{234}U + \underline{\qquad} \alpha$	
07.2	The space probe contains a lot of very sensitive equipment that would be damaged by nuclear radiation.	
	Explain why a radiation source that emits alpha particles is suitable for the space probe.	
	[2 marks]	
	30	

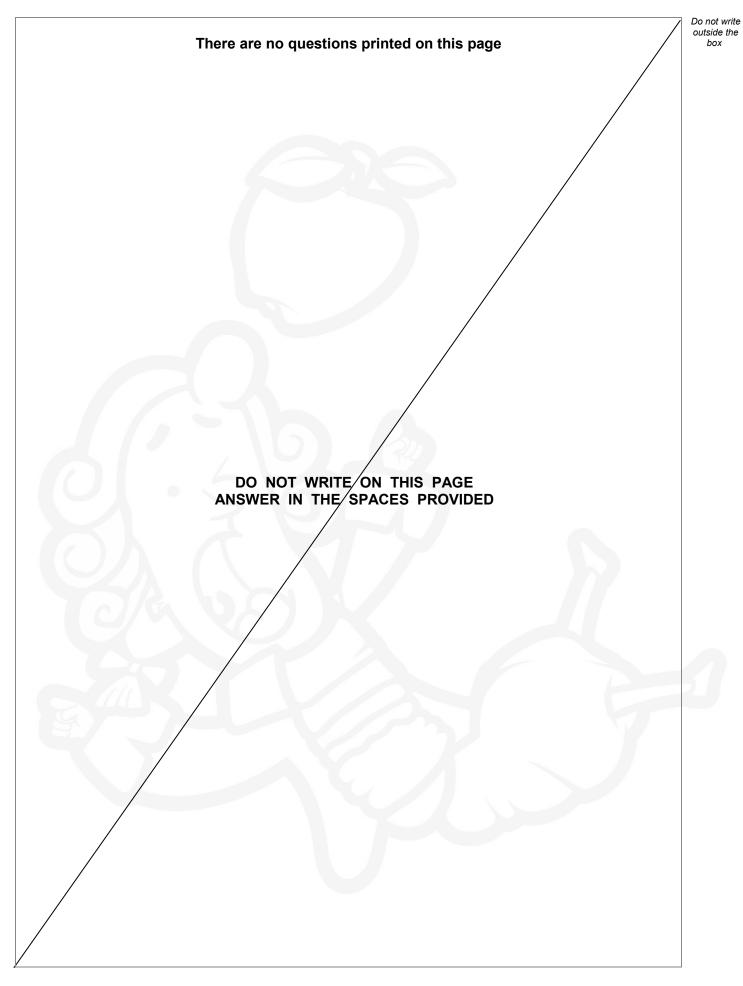






0 7.5	Explain why an isotope with a longer half-life than plutonium was not chosen to power the space probe.	Do not write outside the box
	[2 marks]	
0 7 . 6	The space probe is currently at the edge of our solar system. Scientists use a unit called the astronomical unit (AU) to measure the large distances in the solar system.	
	$1 \text{ AU} = 1.5 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$	
	The signals that the space probe sends back to Earth travel at a speed of 3.0×10^8 m/s.	
	The space probe is currently 120 AU from Earth.	
	Calculate the time it takes for a signal from the space probe to reach Earth.	
	Give your answer in hours.	
	[4 marks]	
	Time = hours	15
	Time = hours	
	END OF QUESTIONS	







Do not write
outside the
box

Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.
\mathbf{IO}	
2	



Do not write
outside the
box

Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.
3	



Do not write outside the box

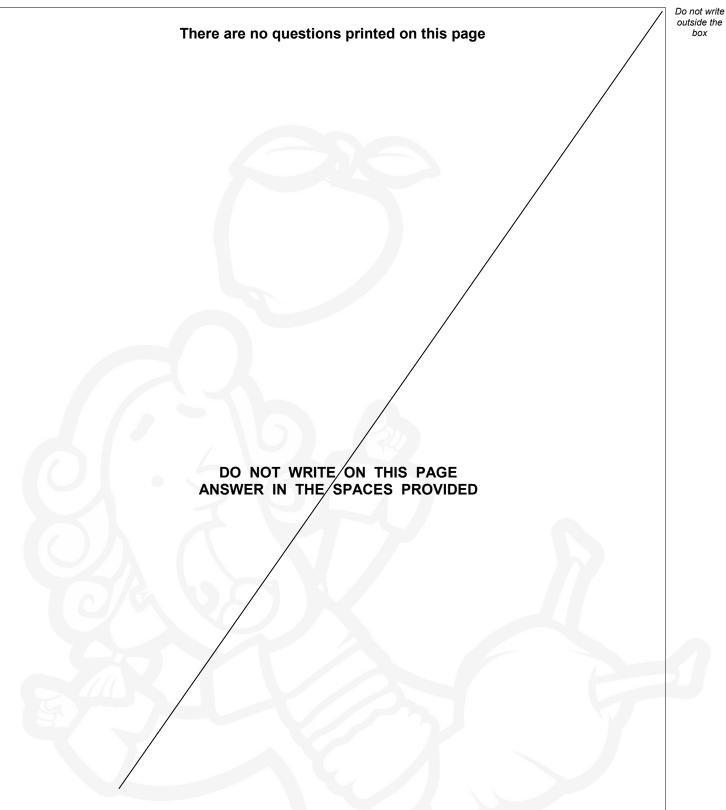
Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Do not write
outside the
box

Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.
59	





Copyright information

For confidentiality purposes, acknowledgements of third-party copyright material are published in a separate booklet rather than including them on the examination paper or support materials. This booklet is published after each examination series and is available for free download from www.oxfordaqaexams.org.uk after the live examination series.

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and Oxford International AQA Examinations will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team, AQA, Stag Hill House, Guildford, GU2 7XJ.

Copyright © 2019 Oxford International AQA Examinations and its licensors. All rights reserved.

